ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION COMMISSION[567]

Notice of Intended Action

Proposing rulemaking related to floodplain or floodway development and providing an opportunity for public comment

The Environmental Protection Commission (Commission) hereby proposes to rescind Chapter 71, "Floodplain or Floodway Development—When Approval is Required," and to adopt a new chapter with the same title; and to rescind Chapter 75, "Management of Specific Flood Plain Areas," and Chapter 76, "Federal Water Resource Projects," Iowa Administrative Code.

Legal Authority for Rulemaking

This rulemaking is proposed under the authority provided in Iowa Code sections 455B.263(8) and 455B.276(1).

State or Federal Law Implemented

This rulemaking implements, in whole or in part, Iowa Code chapter 455B, subchapter III, part 4, and sections 459.102, 459.301 and 481A.15.

Purpose and Summary

Proposed Chapter 71 regulates floodplains and floodways in the state. The proposed rules will help protect life and property from floods and promote the orderly development and wise use of the floodplains of the state. Proposed Chapter 71 makes clear when approval is required for floodplain development and outlines the process of local governments issuing floodplain permits on behalf of the state. This chapter has been reviewed and edited consistent with Executive Order 10. Redundant and outdated language has been removed, and language has otherwise been simplified.

Likewise, Chapters 75 and 76 were reviewed consistent with Executive Order 10. Accordingly, both are proposed to be rescinded for being redundant, unnecessary, or outdated. However, two parts of Chapter 75 are still relevant and will be moved into proposed Chapters 70 and 71.

Regulatory Analysis

A Regulatory Analysis for this rulemaking was published in the Iowa Administrative Bulletin on September 4, 2024. A public hearing was held on the following date(s):

• September 24, 2024

Fiscal Impact

This rulemaking has no fiscal impact to the State of Iowa.

Jobs Impact

After analysis and review of this rulemaking, no impact on jobs has been found.

Waivers

Any person who believes that the application of the discretionary provisions of this rulemaking would result in hardship or injustice to that person may petition the Commission for a waiver of the discretionary provisions, if any, pursuant to 567—Chapter 13.

Public Comment

Any interested person may submit comments concerning this proposed rulemaking, which must be received by the Department of Natural Resources (Department) no later than 4:30 p.m. on January 29, 2025. Comments should be directed to:

Jonathan Garton
Iowa Department of Natural Resources
6200 Park Avenue, Suite 200
Des Moines, Iowa 50321
Email: jonathan.garton@dnr.iowa.gov

Free Language Access. If you speak a non-English language, we offer you language assistance services free of charge. Contact the Department at jonathan.garton@dnr.iowa.gov.

Servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. Si habla un idioma que no sea el inglés, los servicios de asistencia lingüística están disponibles de forma gratuita. Comuníquese con el Departamento al jonathan.garton@dnr.iowa.gov.

Public Hearing

Public hearings at which persons may present their views orally will be held by conference call as follows:

January 28, 2025 Virtual meeting

10 to 11 a.m. A meeting registration link will be provided prior to the hearing

January 29, 2025 Virtual meeting

1 to 2 p.m. A meeting registration link will be provided prior to the hearing

The public hearings will be held virtually via Zoom. See www.iowadnr.gov/Environmental-Protection/Land-Quality/Land-Quality-Rulemaking for meeting information.

Persons who wish to make oral comments at a conference call public hearing must submit a request to Mr. Garton prior to the hearing to facilitate an orderly hearing.

Persons who wish to make oral comments at a public hearing may be asked to state their names for the record and to confine their remarks to the subject of this proposed rulemaking.

Any persons who intend to attend a hearing and have special requirements, such as those related to hearing or mobility impairments, should contact the Department and advise of specific needs.

Free Language Assistance: if you need assistance in a language other than English, contact the Department at jonathan.garton@dnr.iowa.gov or civilrights@dnr.iowa.gov or by telephone at 515.201.1018 at least seven days before the event.

Servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística: si necesita ayuda en un idioma que no sea inglés, comuníquese con el Departamento al jonathan.garton@dnr.iowa.gov o civilrights@dnr.iowa.gov o por teléfono a 515.201.1018 al menos siete días antes del evento.

Review by Administrative Rules Review Committee

The Administrative Rules Review Committee, a bipartisan legislative committee which oversees rulemaking by executive branch agencies, may, on its own motion or on written request by any individual or group, review this rulemaking at its regular monthly meeting or at a special meeting. The Committee's meetings are open to the public, and interested persons may be heard as provided in Iowa Code section 17A.8(6).

The following rulemaking action is proposed:

ITEM 1. Rescind 567—Chapter 71 and adopt the following **new** chapter in lieu thereof:

CHAPTER 71

FLOODPLAIN OR FLOODWAY DEVELOPMENT—WHEN APPROVAL IS REQUIRED

- **567—71.1(455B) State floodplain permits.** In the following instances, approval is required by the department for any development including construction, maintenance, and use of a structure, dam, obstruction, deposit, excavation or flood control work on a regulated floodplain or floodway unless the project is otherwise approved by a delegated community's local floodplain ordinances adopted pursuant to 567—71.2(455B) or is exempt under 567—71.4(455B).
- 71.1(1) *Rural areas*. In rural areas, projects in or on the floodplain of any stream draining ten or more square miles at the downstream end of the project site.
- 71.1(2) *Urban areas.* In urban areas, projects in or on the floodplain of any river or stream draining two or more square miles at the downstream end of the project site.
- **71.1(3)** *Protected streams.* On protected streams, channel changes at any location on any river or stream designated as a protected stream pursuant to Division III of 567—Chapter 72.
- **71.1(4)** Buildings and other structures adjacent to or downstream from impoundments. For new construction, additions, lowering, or reconstruction of buildings, water and waste water treatment facilities, sanitary landfills, animal feeding operation structures, or other miscellaneous structures and associated fill, without regard to the size of the drainage area, if:
- a. The project is adjacent to an impoundment and the lowest floor level, including any basement, is lower than the top of the adjacent dam; or
- b. There is an upstream dam and flooding can be reasonably anticipated from principal or emergency spillway discharges; or
- c. There is an upstream dam that does not substantially comply with high hazard criteria in these rules and where flooding can be reasonably anticipated from overtopping and failure of the dam.
- **71.1(5)** *Dams.* For construction, repair, or modification of any dam that exceeds the thresholds under 567—73.3(455B).
- **567—71.2(455B)** Delegated state floodplain permitting by local communities. Upon submission to the department for review and approval, a local unit of government may establish encroachment limits, floodplain regulations, and zoning ordinances, subject to the following:
- **71.2(1)** Written approval from the department must be obtained before effective adoption or amendment of a local regulation that would control development in a floodplain or floodway for purposes related to flood protection. A local government may appeal the refusal of the department to approve a proposed regulation by notifying the department and requesting that the proposed local regulation be considered at the next meeting of the commission.
- **71.2(2)** Prior to receiving approval, a community shall demonstrate capacity to properly review applications and issue floodplain permits.
- 71.2(3) Approved communities shall provide evidence to the department of this capacity at least every five years. Additionally, the department may, from time to time, take action to ascertain the effectiveness of department-approved, locally adopted floodplain management regulations. Upon a finding that the local government has been negligent in administering the approved regulations, the department may revoke approval of same. Floodplain works found to be in violation of department-approved, locally adopted floodplain management regulations may be handled under the provisions of the department's rules for investigation of unauthorized projects.
- **71.2(4)** Where it is unclear whether the works are adequately covered by such local regulations, the department shall make the determination.
- **567—71.3(455B)** Review and approval of variances from local regulations. A variance from an approved local floodplain regulation shall not be effective until it has been reviewed and approved by the department in accordance with the following procedures.
- 71.3(1) Duty of local government to notify department of each variance request. After receipt of each request for variance from a local floodplain regulation approved by the department, the local

government shall notify the department of the variance request on a form obtained from the department. The notice must be received by the department at least 15 days before any hearing that the local government schedules on the variance request.

- **71.3(2)** Written comment from the department. After receipt of notice of a variance request, the department shall mail or deliver a written comment on the variance request. The comment shall be issued within 15 days after receipt of the notice or in time for consideration at any hearing held after expiration of the 15-day period. The comment shall be either a statement of objection or "no objection" as follows:
- a. Objection to variance request. The department may issue an objection to the variance request. The objection may be based upon an explanation of the minimum statewide criteria that the variance request does not satisfy and the reasons why applicable criteria should not be waived. The objection may be based on a statement that the applicant for the variance has provided insufficient information for the department to determine whether the requested variance would violate applicable minimum statewide criteria. An objection based on a statement of insufficiency of information shall identify the information needed to determine whether the request would violate applicable criteria.
- b. No objection to variance requests. The comment issued by the department may state that the department has no objection to the variance request. The comment shall briefly explain why granting of the requested variance would not violate the purposes of minimum statewide criteria. A statement of "no objection" shall constitute approval to grant the requested variance.
- **71.3(3)** Basis for variance. A variance from an applicable requirement should only be granted if the applicant can show that denial of the variance would cause unnecessary hardship and that granting of the variance would not be contrary to the public interest or the underlying purposes of the requirement in question.
- **71.3(4)** Review or appeal of local ruling on variance request. The appropriate forum and procedures for review or appeal of the decision of a local government on a request for variance from a regulation approved by the department depend on the relationship between the local decision and the comment submitted by the department as follows.
- a. When local government grants variance after objection by department. If the local government grants a variance request after issuance of an objection by the department, the local government shall give written notice of the local action and the supporting reasons to the department. The variance shall not be effective until approved by the commission. The applicant for the variance shall have the right to a contested case proceeding before the commission or its designee if required to resolve a material issue of fact or law.
- b. When local government denies variance after objection by department. If the local government denies a variance request on the basis of an objection by the department, the applicant may file a notice of appeal with the department within 20 days following the local action. The applicant for the variance shall have the right to a contested case proceeding before the commission or its designee if required to resolve a material issue of fact or law.
- c. When local government grants or denies a variance request after a "no objection" comment by the department. When a local government grants or denies a variance request after receiving a "no objection" comment from the department, any appeal normally should be taken in the manner provided for appeal of other local actions. An appeal should be filed with the department only if the purpose of the appeal is to challenge the basis of the "no objection" comment.
- d. Duty of local government to notify department of appeal. The local government shall promptly notify the department of the filing of any petition for judicial review of local action on a variance request so the department may determine whether participation in the judicial review would be in the interest of the state.
- **567—71.4(455B)** Exempted activities. Notwithstanding 567—70.3(17A,455B,481A) and 567—71.1(455B), the following activities do not require approval pursuant to this title by the department to construct in a floodplain:
- 71.4(1) Rural bridges/culverts/road embankments and associated work. Construction, maintenance, or use of bridges, culverts, temporary stream crossings, or road embankments in a rural ruleMakingDocument, v 9

area floodplain with a drainage area less than 100 square miles including associated channel changes not on protected streams with up to 500 feet in length and maximum of 25 percent reduction in length, and associated excavations within 500 feet of the project.

- 71.4(2) Federally regulated railroad crossing. Construction, maintenance, or use of federally regulated railroad crossings having a drainage area of any size.
 - **71.4(3)** *Buildings.*
- a. Building additions that, when considered in aggregate with all additions constructed after July 4, 1965, increase the original floor area of a building by less than 25 percent.
- b. Reconstruction of any portion of a building if the cost of reconstruction, including equivalent professional labor and material costs for proposed or actual volunteer labor and donated materials, and as would be determined by a qualified contractor, does not exceed 50 percent of the market value of the existing building or if reconstruction will not increase the market value by more than 50 percent.
- 71.4(4) Pipeline and underground linear utility crossings. The construction, operation and maintenance of buried pipeline, conduit and linear utility crossings if the natural contours of the channel and floodplain are maintained and no bank stabilization is required.
 - **71.4(5)** *Excavations.*
- a. Excavations where the channel cross section is increased by 10 percent or less, as determined based on current survey, original engineering plans if being performed by a drainage district, if available.
- b. Excavations for the repair and maintenance of a drainage district ditch with less than 100 square mile drainage area.
- c. Excavations outside the channel on any floodplain of any river or stream draining more than ten square miles where excavated materials are removed from the floodplain and surface waters are not diverted into a sinkhole or quarry excavated in carbonate rock.
- **71.4(6)** Boat docks. Construction, maintenance, or use of floating boat docks on lakes, and those recreational nonfloating style boat docks located on the Mississippi and Missouri rivers, located on reservoirs within state parks, and the conservation pools of the Coralville, Rathbun, Red Rock, and Saylorville reservoirs.
- **71.4(7)** Small projects. For developments in rural areas for any low damage potential project where such works obstruct less than 3 percent of the cross-sectional area of the stream channel at bankfull stage or where such works obstruct less than 15 percent of the cross-sectional area of that side of the stream's floodplain at any stage. Fences that could catch debris and block flow during a flood may be considered a full obstruction to flow for purposes of determining the 3 percent or 15 percent obstruction.

These rules are intended to implement Iowa Code chapter 455B, subchapter III, part 4, and sections 459.102, 459.301 and 481A.15.

- ITEM 2. Rescind and reserve 567—Chapter 75.
- ITEM 3. Rescind and reserve **567—Chapter 76**.